UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MARK MCKINLEY,

Plaintiff,

-v.-

POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE, Shield No. 947732; POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE, working in the 9th Precinct; POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE, working special narcotics north; POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE, working special narcotics north; POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE, working special narcotics north; NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT, 9TH PRECINCT; CITY OF NEW YORK,

Defendants.

20 Civ. 3606 (KPF)

ORDER OF SERVICE

KATHERINE POLK FAILLA, District Judge:

Plaintiff Mark McKinley, currently incarcerated at Elmira Correctional Facility, brings this *pro se* action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging that Defendants violated his rights. By Order dated May 8, 2020, the Court granted Plaintiff's request to proceed without prepayment of fees, that is, *in forma pauperis* (IFP).¹

STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Court must dismiss a complaint, or portion thereof, that is frivolous or malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. §§

Prisoners are not exempt from paying the full filing fee even when they have been granted permission to proceed *in forma pauperis*. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1).

1915(e)(2)(B), 1915A(b); see Abbas v. Dixon, 480 F.3d 636, 639 (2d Cir. 2007). The Court must also dismiss a complaint when the Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3). While the law mandates dismissal on any of these grounds, the Court is obliged to construe pro se pleadings liberally, Harris v. Mills, 572 F.3d 66, 72 (2d Cir. 2009), and interpret them to raise the "strongest [claims] that they suggest," Triestman v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons, 470 F.3d 471, 474 (2d Cir. 2006) (internal quotation marks and citations omitted) (emphasis in original).

DISCUSSION

A. New York Police Department

As an agency of the City of New York, the New York Police Department (NYPD) is not an entity that can be sued. N.Y. City Charter ch. 17, § 396 ("[A]II actions and proceedings for the recovery of penalties for the violation of any law shall be brought in the name of the city of New York and not in that of any agency, except where otherwise provided by law."); *Jenkins* v. *City of New York*, 478 F.3d 76, 93 n.19 (2d Cir. 2007); *see also Emerson* v. *City of New York*, 740 F. Supp. 2d 385, 396 (S.D.N.Y. 2010) ("[A] plaintiff is generally prohibited from suing a municipal agency."). Instead, any claims against the NYPD must be brought against the City of New York. Likewise, the Ninth Precinct is not an entity that can be sued. *See, e.g., Wims* v. *N.Y. City Police Dep't 52nd Precinct*, No. 10 Civ. 6128 (PKC), 2011 WL 2946369, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. July 20, 2011) (dismissing claims against 52nd Precinct); *Donaldson* v. *Nassau Cnty. Police Dept. 3rd Precinct*, No. 10 Civ. 1690 (JS) (ARL), 2010 WL 2976520, at *2

(E.D.N.Y. July 22, 2010) (dismissing claims against Nassau County Police Department 3rd precinct). The Court therefore dismisses Plaintiff's claims against the NYPD and the Ninth Precinct because they lack the capacity to be sued.

B. City of New York

Because Plaintiff has been granted permission to proceed IFP, he is entitled to rely on the Court and the U.S. Marshals Service to effect service. Walker v. Schult, 717 F.3d. 119, 123 n.6 (2d Cir. 2013); see also 28 U.S.C. § 1915(d) ("The officers of the court shall issue and serve all process ... in [IFP] cases."); Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(c)(3) (the court must order the Marshals Service to serve if the plaintiff is authorized to proceed IFP)).

Although Rule 4(m) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure generally requires that the summons and complaint be served within 90 days of the date the complaint is filed, Plaintiff is proceeding IFP and could not have served the summons and complaint until the Court reviewed the complaint and ordered that a summons be issued. The Court therefore extends the time to serve until 90 days after the date the summons is issued. If the complaint is not served within that time, Plaintiff should request an extension of time for service. See Meilleur v. Strong, 682 F.3d 56, 63 (2d Cir. 2012) (holding that it is the plaintiff's responsibility to request an extension of time for service); see also Murray v. Pataki, 378 F. App'x 50, 52 (2d Cir. 2010) ("As long as the [plaintiff proceeding IFP] provides the information necessary to identify the defendant,

the Marshals' failure to effect service automatically constitutes 'good cause' for an extension of time within the meaning of Rule 4(m).").

To allow Plaintiff to effect service on Defendant City of New York through the U.S. Marshals Service, the Clerk of Court is instructed to fill out a U.S. Marshals Service Process Receipt and Return form ("USM-285 form") for this defendant. The Clerk of Court is further instructed to issue a summons and deliver to the Marshals Service all the paperwork necessary for the Marshals Service to effect service upon the City of New York.

C. John Doe Police Officers

Under *Valentin* v. *Dinkins*, a *pro se* litigant is entitled to assistance from the district court in identifying a defendant. 121 F.3d 72, 76 (2d Cir. 1997). In the complaint, Plaintiff supplies sufficient information to permit the NYPD to identify the John Doe Police Officers from the Seventh and Ninth Precincts and Special Narcotics North who were involved in his arrest or body cavity search on March 27, 2018. It is therefore ordered that the New York City Law Department, which is the attorney for and agent of the City of New York, must ascertain the identity and badge number of each John Doe whom Plaintiff seeks to sue here and the address where the defendant may be served. The New York City Law Department must provide this information to Plaintiff and the Court within sixty days of the date of this order.

Within thirty days after receiving this information, Plaintiff must file an amended complaint with the true names of the John Doe defendants. The amended complaint will replace, not supplement, the original complaint. An

amended complaint form for Plaintiff to complete after receiving this information is attached to this order. Once Plaintiff has filed an amended complaint, the Court will screen it and, if necessary, issue an order directing the Clerk of Court to complete the USM-285 forms with the addresses for the named John Doe Defendants and deliver to the U.S. Marshals Service all documents necessary to effect service.

Plaintiff must notify the Court in writing if his address changes, and the Court may dismiss the action if Plaintiff fails to do so.

CONCLUSION

The Court dismisses Plaintiff's claims against the New York Police

Department and the Ninth Precinct because they lack the capacity to be sued.

The Clerk of Court is directed to mail a copy of this order to Plaintiff, together with an information package. The Clerk of Court is further instructed to complete a USM-285 form with the address for the City of New York and deliver to the U.S. Marshals Service all documents necessary to effect service on the City of New York.

The Clerk of Court is directed to mail a copy of this order and the complaint to the New York City Law Department at: 100 Church Street New York, NY 10007. An "Amended Complaint" form is attached to this order.

The Court certifies under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith, and therefore IFP status is denied for the purpose of an appeal. *Cf. Coppedge* v. *United States*, 369 U.S. 438,

444-45 (1962) (holding that an appellant demonstrates good faith when he seeks review of a nonfrivolous issue).

SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 11, 2020

New York, New York

KATHERINE POLK FAILLA United States District Judge

Katherin Palle Fails

A copy of this Order was mailed by Chambers to:

Mark McKinley
DIN No. 18A3270
Elmira Correctional Facility
P.O. Box 500
Elmira, NY 14902

DEFENDANTS AND SERVICE ADDRESSES

1. City of New York
New York City Law Department
100 Church Street
New York, NY 10007

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Write the full name of each plaintiff.	CV (Include case number if one has beer assigned)	
-against-	AMENDED COMPLAINT (Prisoner)	
	Do you want a jury trial? □ Yes □ No	
Write the full name of each defendant. If you cannot fit the names of all of the defendants in the space provided, please write "see attached" in the space above and attach an additional sheet of paper with the full list of names. The names listed above must be identical to those contained in Section IV.		

NOTICE

The public can access electronic court files. For privacy and security reasons, papers filed with the court should therefore *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2.

State below the federal legal basis for your claim, if known. This form is designed primarily for

I. LEGAL BASIS FOR CLAIM

prisoners challenging the constitutionality of their conditions of confinement; those claims are often brought under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (against state, county, or municipal defendants) or in a "Bivens" action (against federal defendants).						
☐ Violation of my	☐ Violation of my federal constitutional rights					
☐ Other:						
II. PLAINTIF	F INFORMATION					
Each plaintiff must p	provide the following inf	formation. Attach a	additional pages if necessary.			
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Naı	me			
•	nes (or different forms o eviously filing a lawsuit.	f your name) you l	have ever used, including any name			
Prisoner ID # (if you have previously been in another agency's custody, please specify each agency and the ID number (such as your DIN or NYSID) under which you were held)						
Current Place of De	tention					
Institutional Addres	S					
County, City		State	Zip Code			
III. PRISONE	R STATUS					
Indicate below whe	ther you are a prisoner o	or other confined p	person:			
☐ Pretrial detaine	e					
☐ Civilly committed detainee						
☐ Immigration detainee						
□ Convicted and sentenced prisoner□ Other:						

IV. DEFENDANT INFORMATION

To the best of your ability, provide the following information for each defendant. If the correct information is not provided, it could delay or prevent service of the complaint on the defendant. Make sure that the defendants listed below are identical to those listed in the caption. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Defendant 1:						
	First Name	Last Name	Shield #			
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)					
	Current Work Addr	ess				
	County, City	State	Zip Code			
Defendant 2:	First Name	Last Name	Shield #			
	Current Job Title (o	r other identifying information)				
	Current Work Addr	ess				
	County, City	State	Zip Code			
Defendant 3:						
	First Name	Last Name	Shield #			
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)					
	Current Work Address					
	County, City	State	Zip Code			
Defendant 4:	First Name	Last Name	Shield #			
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)					
	Current Work Address					
	County, City	State	Zip Code			

V.	STATEMENT OF CLAIM
Place	(s) of occurrence:
Date(s) of occurrence:
FAC	ΓS:
harm	here briefly the FACTS that support your case. Describe what happened, how you were ed, and how each defendant was personally involved in the alleged wrongful actions. Attach onal pages as necessary.

INJURIES:
If you were injured as a result of these actions, describe your injuries and what medical treatment, if any, you required and received.
VI. RELIEF
State briefly what money damages or other relief you want the court to order.

VII. PLAINTIFF'S CERTIFICATION AND WARNINGS

By signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that: (1) the complaint is not being presented for an improper purpose (such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation); (2) the claims are supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument to change existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

I understand that if I file three or more cases while I am a prisoner that are dismissed as frivolous, malicious, or for failure to state a claim, I may be denied *in forma pauperis* status in future cases.

I also understand that prisoners must exhaust administrative procedures before filing an action in federal court about prison conditions, 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a), and that my case may be dismissed if I have not exhausted administrative remedies as required.

I agree to provide the Clerk's Office with any changes to my address. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

Each Plaintiff must sign and date the complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary. If seeking to proceed without prepayment of fees, each plaintiff must also submit an IFP application.

Dated		Plaintiff's Signature	
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name	
Prison Address			
County, City	State		Zip Code
Date on which I am delivering this complaint to prison authorities for mailing:			